

# Global and Thread-Local Activation of Contextual Program Execution Environments

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# Outline

- **Introduction**
  - Context-Oriented Programming
  - Program Execution Environment
  - Earlier Work
- **CoElektra**
  - Contribution
- **Evaluation**
  - Benchmarks
- Conclusion



Elektra's Logo

# Motivation

- **Context-Aware**  
e.g. (body) temperature
- **Customizable**  
adapt to user
- **Multi-Core Processors**  
should to be utilized  
we will focus on threads



# Context-Oriented Programming: Layers

- Originates from object-oriented programming
- Layers represents context
- Can be activated anywhere in the program
  - dynamic scope



Many Layers  
can be active

```
void rcvPhoneCall() {  
    e.context().with()<PhoneCall>() ([&] {  
        vibrate();  
    });  
    // vibrate();  
}
```

Name of Layer

Part of dynamic Scope

- **Motivation:** Extend idea for multi-thread activation  
(e.g. globally activate **InPocket** layer)

# Contextual Values

- “Trivial generalization of thread-local values” with Layers
- Use dynamic scoping as in context-oriented programming
- Usage and access performance identical to variables

```
void visit(Person & p) {  
    p.context().with<CountryAustriaLayer>()  
        .with<LanguageGermanLayer>()(& [&] {  
            cout << "visit " << ++p.visits  
            << " in " << p.context  
            << ": " << p.greeting  
        });  
    cout << p.greeting  
}  
  
Different Context,  
Same Thread
```

 “Griaß enk!”

 “Tēnā koutou!”

# Program Execution Environment

- Consists of: Configuration Files, Commandline Arguments, ...
- Program Execution Env. is defined using a specification

```
[/%language%/%country%/%dialect%/person/greeting]  
  type=String
```

```
[/%country%/person/visits]  
  type=Integer  
  default=0
```

- /: Denotes hierarchy of contextual values
  - %: Placeholders for layers
- Needed for **Customization**
    - Initialize and persist every contextual value



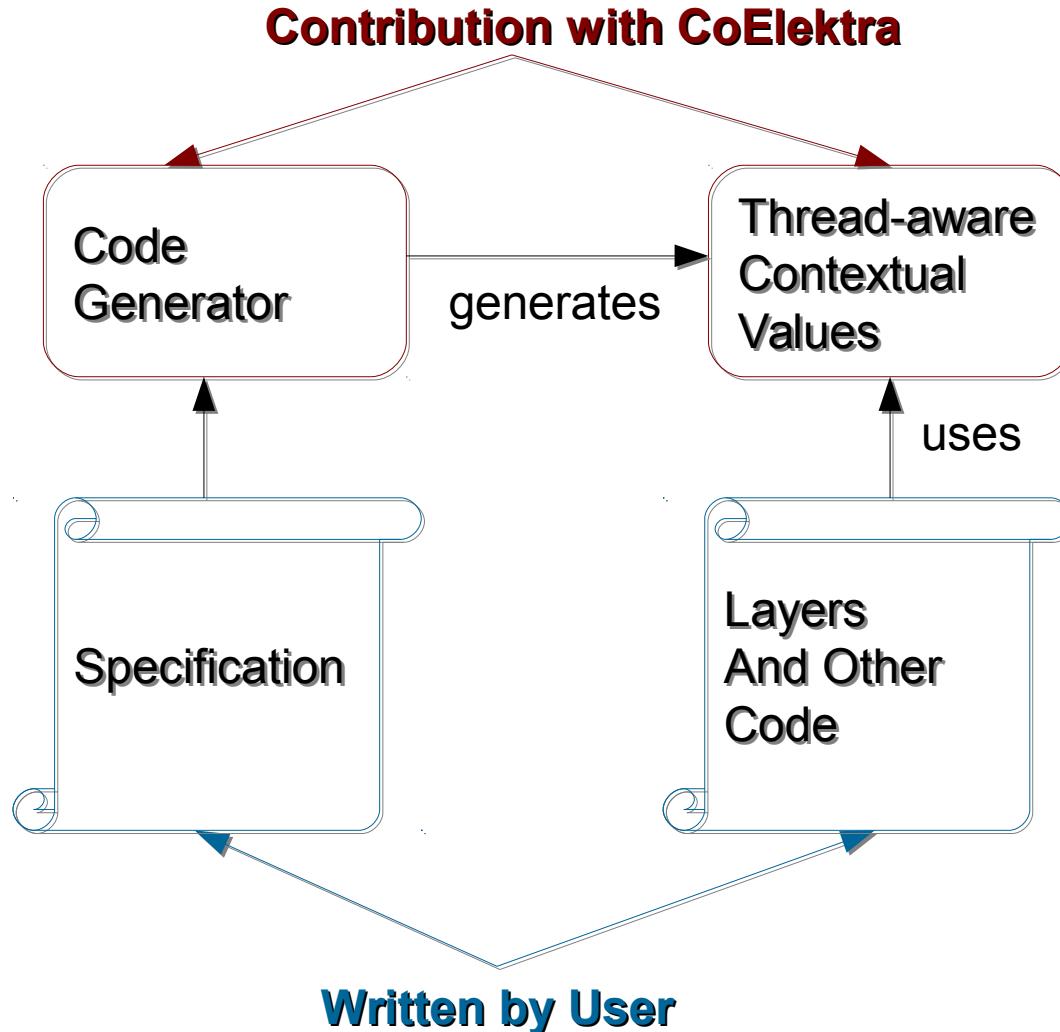


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# CoElektra

# Usage



# Global Activation

- **with()** is bound to one thread
- **activate()** is global for device
  - Needed for sensor and device states

```
void enableWatchdog(Watchdog::Enable const & e)
{
    assert(e.getName() == "/watchdog/%/enable");
    e.context().activate<Security>("A");
    assert(e.getName() == "/watchdog/A/enable");
    assert(e == true);
} // Security Layer A stays active
```

# Example: Battery low

```
c1.activate<BatteryLow>();
```



```
c2.syncLayers();  
// BatteryLow active
```



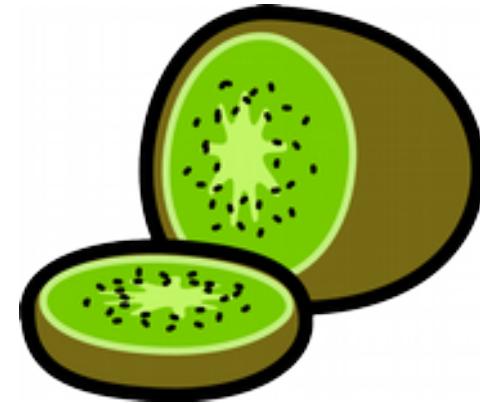
```
c1.deactivate<BatteryLow>();  
// Security unchanged
```

Thread 1

```
c2.activate<Security>(cv);  
// BatteryLow inactive
```

Thread 2

# Thread Based Layer



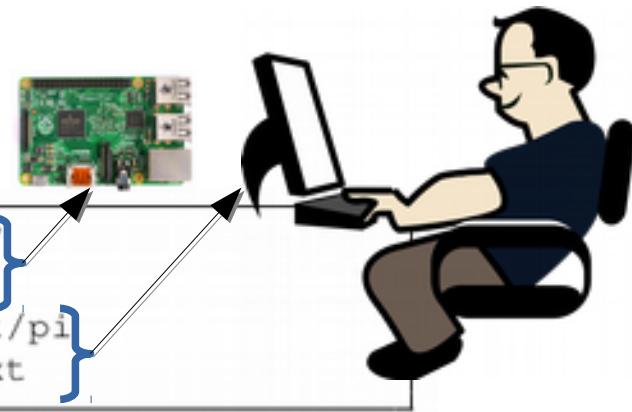
- limit activate()
  - to single thread
  - to a group of threads
- implementation: layer uses thread ID
  - e.g. to decide if active

```
class Thread : public kdb::Layer
{
public:
    string id() const { return "thread"; }
    string operator()() const {
        if (pthread_self() == selected) return "active";
        return "";
    };
private:
    pthread_t selected;
};
```

# Hardware Abstraction

- Hardware by Context:

```
/hw/pi/pi/gpio/folder = /sys/class/gpio/  
/hw/pi/pi/gpio/tamper = gpio7  
/hw/pi/elitebook/gpio/folder = ~/context/pi  
/hw/pi/elitebook/gpio/tamper = tamper.txt
```



(This is a configuration file, not a specification!)

- Layer Activations for Sensor States:

```
select(fd+1, 0, 0, &fds, 0);  
t.c().activate<Tamper>();
```

```
t.c().syncLayers();  
if (t) out<< "tamper!!!";
```

# Source Code

- Source Code released as free software within Elektra
  - code generator for contextual values
  - many configuration file standards ↔ contextual values
- <http://www.libelektra.org>
  - Version 0.8.11 released at 03/04/2015





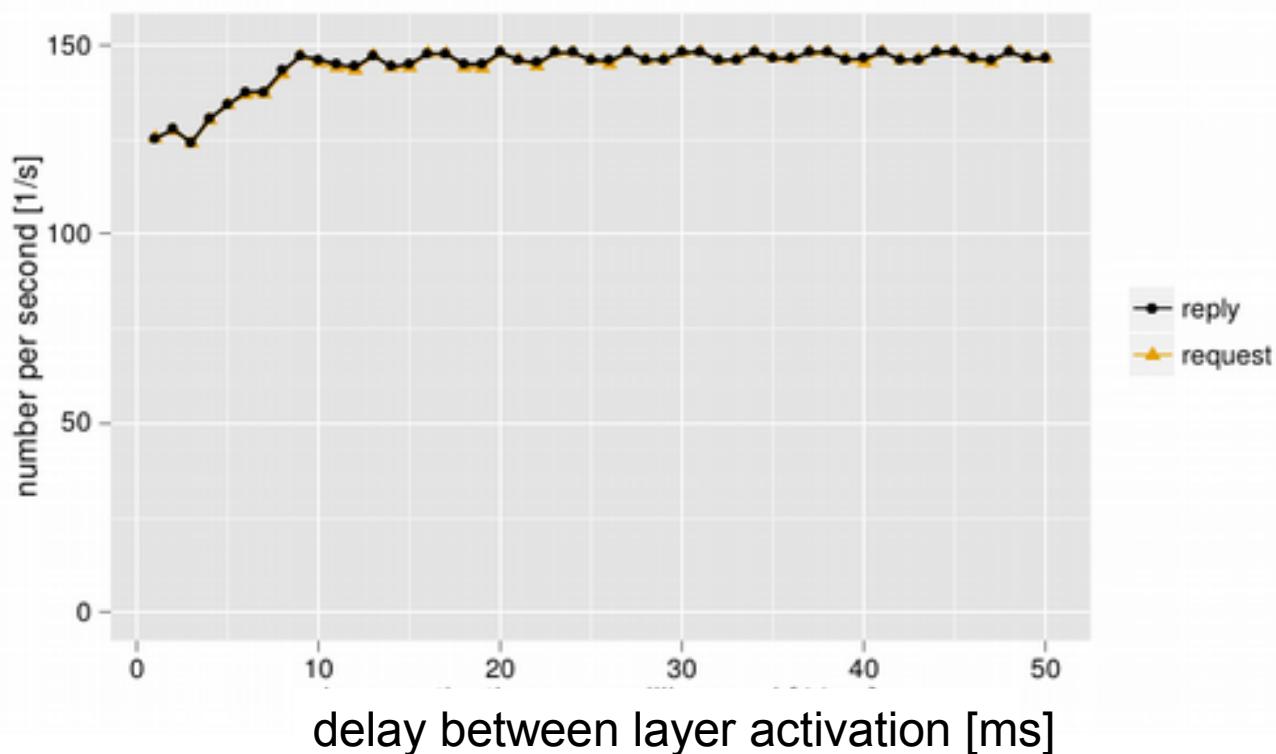
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# Evaluation

# Layer Activation

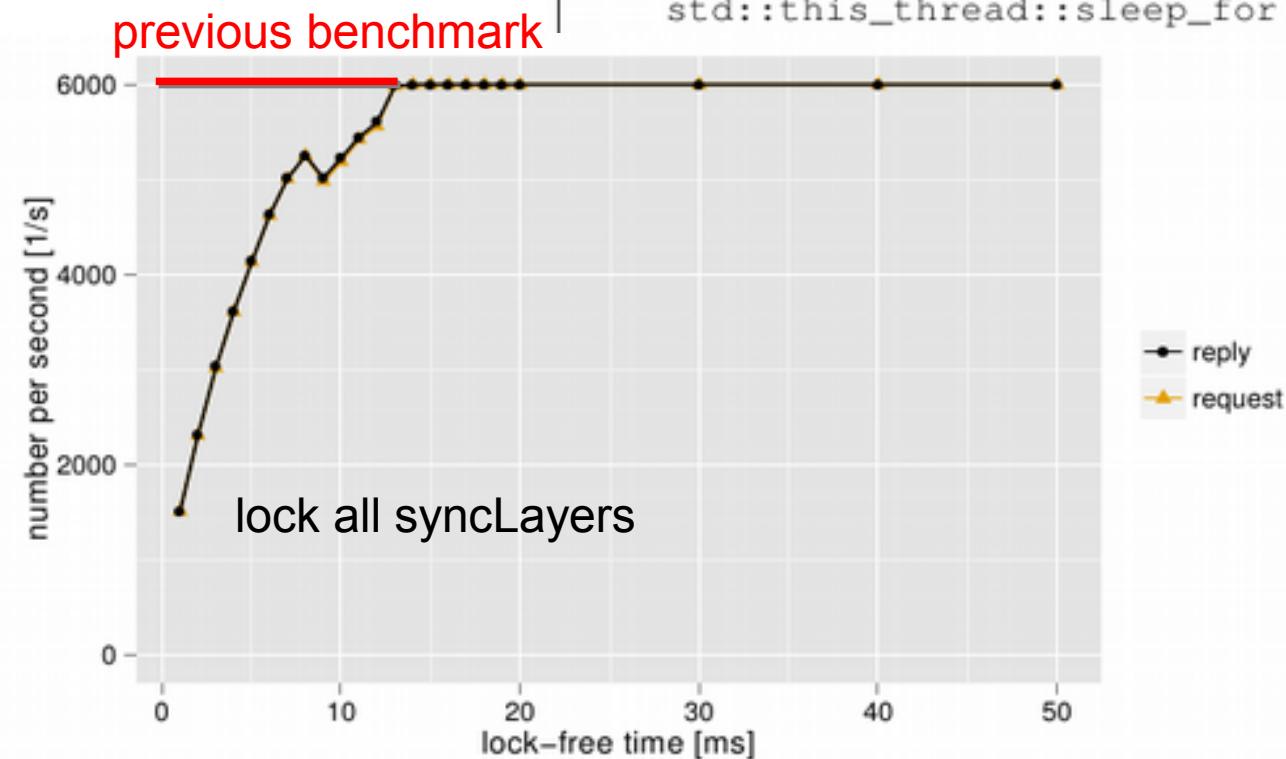
- On single-core CPU

```
tc.with<Session>(sessionid) ([this] () {  
    out << "<html>\n"  
        "<body>\n";  
    out << "<p>Language: " << language << "</p>";  
    tc.with<Language>(language) ([this] () {  
        out << "<p>" << hello << "</p>";
```



# Lock-Free Time

- On multi-core CPU

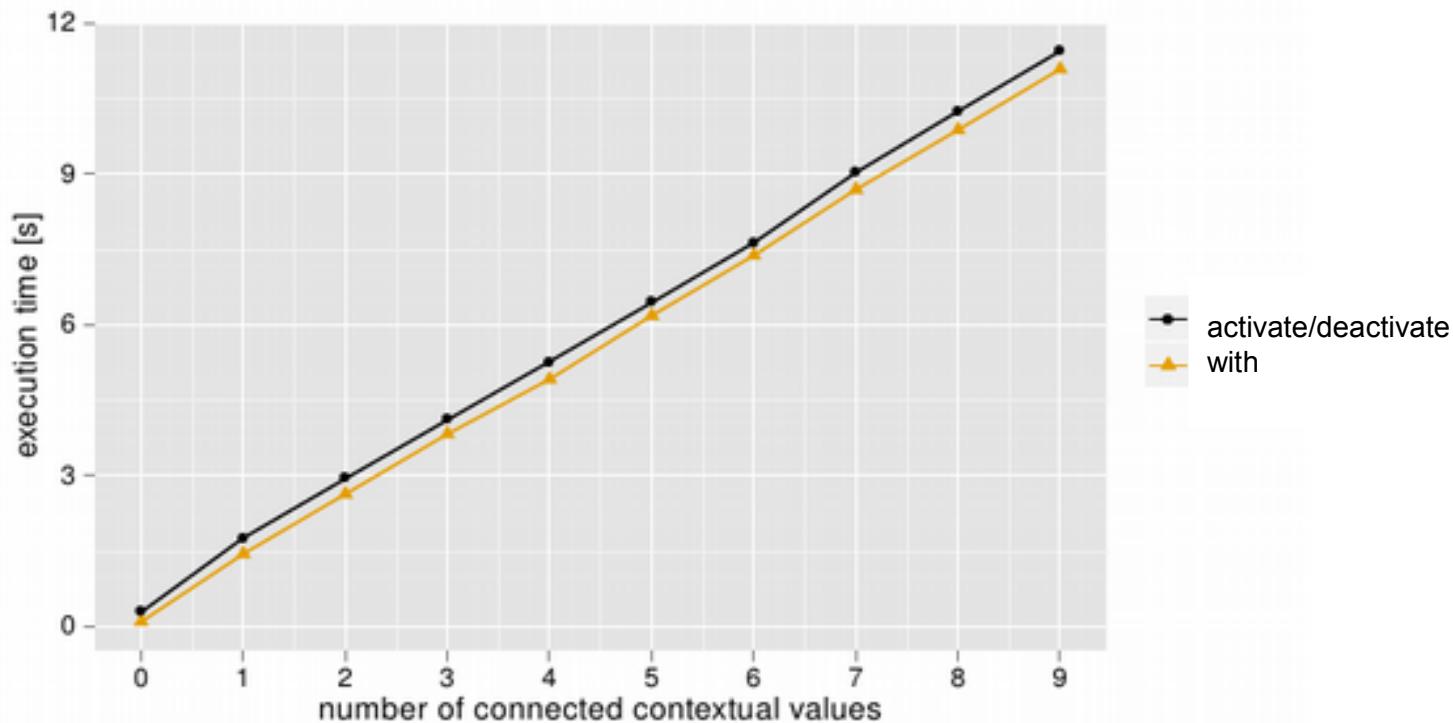


```
while (!shutdown)
{
    std::this_thread::sleep_for(milliseconds(L));
    t.syncLayers();
    std::unique_lock<std::mutex> l = c.requireLock();
    std::this_thread::sleep_for(milliseconds(10));
}
```

# Connection of Contextual Values

- Connection
- Linear growth

```
[/%language%/country%/dialect%...  
  type=String  
  ..., country%/person/visits]  
  type=Integer  
  default=0
```



# Library Size

- Heap Size: 1568 + 1248 kilobytes (10,000 keys)
- Binary Size: 98,456 bytes (armhf)
- Compared to e.g. libxml2 (i386) 1,384,616 bytes



# Conclusion

- Multi-threaded Support for Contextual Values
  - easy to use: CoElektra takes care of necessary synchronization
  - read access of contextual values without overhead
- Switching Context
  - efficient (de)activation for one or more threads
  - no overhead on multi-core CPUs (in background)
  - correlates with connected contextual values
- Case Study: Web Server
  - eases development, context-aware, customizable
  - suitable for context-aware ubiquitous computing



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# Thank you for your attention!

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# Benchmark Setup

- Laptop: hp ® EliteBook 8570w ™
  - CPU Intel ® Core i7-3740QM @ 2.70GHz
  - 7939 MB Ram
- GNU/Linux Debian Wheezy 7.5
- gcc compiler Debian 4.7.2-5
  - with the options -std=c++11, -O2
- measured the time using `gettimeofday`
- Median of eleven executions

# Related Work

## **context variables (check on every usage)**

M. von Löwis, M. Denker, and O. Nierstrasz, “Context-oriented programming: Beyond layers,” in Proceedings of the 2007 International Conference on Dynamic Languages

## **ensure-active-layers (global layer activation)**

P. Costanza, R. Hirschfeld, and W. De Meuter, “Efficient layer activation for switching context-dependent behavior,” in Modular Programming Languages

## **partial evaluation avoids usage of libxml2**

M. Jung, R. Laue, and S. A. Huss, “A case study on partial evaluation in embedded software design,” in SEUS 2005

## **hybrid mediator-observer pattern**

O. Riva, C. di Flora, S. Russo, and K. Raatikainen, “Unearthing design patterns to support context-awareness,” in Pervasive Computing and Communications Workshops

# Specification

